# CNH CAPITAL CANADA RECEIVABLES TRUST Financial Statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and Independent Auditor's Report

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### **GENERAL**

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), dated March 31, 2022, should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Management is responsible for the reliability and timeliness of the information disclosed in the MD&A.

#### **BUSINESS OF THE TRUST**

CNH Capital Canada Receivables Trust (the "Trust") was established by a declaration of trust made as of September 11, 2000, as supplemented by a supplemental declaration of trust made as of April 29, 2010 pursuant to which Computershare Trust Company of Canada succeeded The Canada Trust Company as issuer trustee. On October 16, 2019, Canadian Western Trust Company (the "Issuer Trustee") succeeded to Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as issuer trustee of the Trust. The indenture trustee pursuant to the master trust indenture dated September 1, 2000, as supplemented from time to time, is Computershare Trust Company of Canada (as successor to BNY Trust Company of Canada), with its principal office located at 100 University Avenue, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1.

The Trust's activities are limited to the securing and administration of retail installment contracts originated by CNH Industrial Capital Canada Ltd. ("CNH Industrial Capital Canada", "Administrator", "Servicer" or "Seller") to finance the purchase of new or used agricultural or construction equipment. The Trust issues asset-backed notes ("Notes") and subordinated loans in Series ("Series") with varying terms to finance the acquisition of the receivables and uses collections on the receivables to pay its obligations.

Pursuant to the Administration Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Administrator, and the Sale and Servicing Agreement between the Issuer Trustee and the Servicer, CNH Industrial Capital Canada carries out certain administrative and management activities for and on behalf of the Trust, including the administration, servicing, and collection of the receivables. The Trust pays a nominal fee to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the performance of the activities and fulfillment of its responsibilities under the Administration Agreement. No fee is payable by the Trust to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the servicing activities since the receivables are sold to the Trust on a fully serviced basis. The Trust has no employees.

The Trust has been structured to provide investors in the Class A and B Notes payments that amortize on a monthly basis concurrent with the principal collections activity on the underlying receivables.

Each Series of Notes benefits from Series-specific enhancements in the form of the deferred purchase price, excess spread and amounts deposited in a cash reserve account. The deferred purchase price ("deferred purchase price") represents the difference between the amount at which the Trust records the ownership interest in receivables and the amount payable to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the purchase of the ownership interest in receivables. Excess spread is the monthly excess of all interest collections on the receivables after the Trust payment obligations are satisfied. The Due to Seller ("Due to Seller") includes both the deferred purchase price and the excess spread. The reserve accounts are Series-specific accounts funded at the time of issuance of the relevant Series from the proceeds of the issuance. Amounts on deposit in the reserve account for a Series are available to cover any shortfalls in funds available to meet specific payments for that Series as outlined in the related transaction documents and will not be released to the Seller until that Series is paid in full.

In April 2020, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to Series 2016-1 whereby \$49,366,364 of retail installment contracts were sold at book value to CNH Industrial Capital Canada. Also related to this clean-up call, the Series 2016-1 Class A-1 Notes, the Series 2016-1 Class B Notes and the Series 2016-1 Subordinated loans were repaid in full.

In April 2020, the Trust issued Series 2020-1 Receivables-Backed Notes, Class A and Class B Notes, of which the Class A Notes were privately placed with an institutional investor and the Class B Notes were retained by CNH Industrial Capital Canada.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(In Canadian Dollars)

In January 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to Series 2017-1 whereby \$39,662,665 of retail installment contracts were sold at book value to CNH Industrial Capital Canada. Also related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-1 Class A-2 Notes, the Series 2017-1 Class B Notes and the Series 2017-1 Subordinated loans were repaid in full.

In April 2021, the Trust issued Series 2021-1 Receivables-Backed Notes, Class A-1, Class A-2 and Class B Notes, of which the Class A-1 Notes and the Class A-2 Notes were privately placed with an institutional investor and the Class B Notes were retained by CNH Industrial Capital Canada.

In July 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to Series 2017-2 whereby \$40,977,097 of retail installment contracts were sold at book value to CNH Industrial Capital Canada. Also related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-2 Class A-1 Notes, the Series 2017-2 Class B Notes and the Series 2017-2 Subordinated loans were repaid in full.

In November 2021, the Trust issued Series 2021-2 Receivables-Backed Notes, Class A-1, Class A-2 and Class B Notes, of which the Class A-1 Notes and the Class A-2 Notes were privately placed with an institutional investor and the Class B Notes were retained by CNH Industrial Capital Canada.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

During 2020 and to a lesser extent in 2021, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and the related actions of governments and other authorities to contain COVID-19 spread have affected and continue to affect our operational and financial performance. The Canadian government designated part of CNH Industrial Canada's business as an essential critical infrastructure business. This designation allows CNH Industrial Capital Canada to operate in support of its dealers and customers to the extent possible. CNH Industrial Capital Canada also continues to prioritize the health, safety and well-being of its employees.

The Trust continues to monitor the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of its business and its results of operations, financial condition and cash flows in 2021.

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables increased by \$377,100,052 from \$851,340,956 as at December 31, 2020 to \$1,228,441,008 as at December 31, 2021.

Interest income for the year ended December 31, 2021 totaled \$50,306,313 compared to \$60,830,782 for the year ended December 31, 2020. Total interest expense was \$50,288,913 and \$60,811,682 for the years ended December 31, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Total credit losses incurred on the Trust's portfolio in 2021 and 2020 were \$928,995 and \$2,442,528, respectively. These credit losses are absorbed by CNH Industrial Capital Canada through the Due to Seller.

#### SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following is a summary of the Trust's unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

			2021		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Interest income	\$ 9,356,070	\$ 13,382,177	\$ 10,565,490	\$ 17,002,576	\$ 50,306,313
			2020		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Interest income	\$ 13,015,685	\$ 18,305,520	\$ 11,028,488	\$ 18,481,089	\$ 60,830,782

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust's interest expense paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada was \$30,866,244 and \$31,064,554, respectively, and the other expenses paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada amounted to \$11,000 and \$12,000, respectively. The transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The Due to Seller was \$36,698,805 and \$25,550,973 as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the subordinated loans payable to CNH Industrial Capital Canada were \$48,474,990 and \$42,716,387, respectively.

#### **ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and revenue and expenses for the years reported. The key areas of estimation include the fair value of the ownership interest in receivables on acquisition, determining the effective interest rate on the ownership interest in receivables and the estimation of credit losses on the ownership interest in receivables. At period end, the fair value of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables is determined by discounting the contracts' future cash flows at current market rates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **COVID-19 RISK**

COVID-19 was first identified in late 2019, spread globally and was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. Efforts to combat the virus have been complicated by viral variants and uneven access to, and acceptance and effectiveness of, vaccines globally. The global spread of the virus led governments around the world to implement numerous measures to contain the virus, such as travel bans, mandated shutdowns, border closures and other restrictions on the free movement of people and goods. These measures have impacted and may further impact CNH Industrial Capital Canada's future ability to operate as well as the ability of its suppliers and distributors to operate. Any future closing of manufacturing facilities due to government mandates, insufficient staffing, weaker demand, or supply constraints, or similar limitations or restrictions for suppliers, or the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on CNH Industrial Capital Canada's ability to execute business continuity plans, could have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition, results of operations, and/or liquidity.

Disruption caused by business responses to the COVID-19 pandemic, including remote working arrangements, may create increased vulnerability to cybersecurity or data privacy incidents, including breaches of information technology and systems which could interfere with CNH Industrial Capital Canada's operations, compromise confidential information, negatively impact its corporate reputation and expose it to liability".

From an economic perspective, the COVID-19 pandemic has significantly increased economic and demand uncertainty and has led to disruptions in global capital markets. The COVID-19 pandemic may materially adversely impact the capacity of obligors to fulfill their obligations in a timely manner, which could negatively impact the Trust's future performance and results.

The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will continue to impact the Trust's future performance and results in subsequent periods will depend on the scale, duration, severity and geographic reach of future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including notably the possibility of "further waves" of COVID-19 infections or the appearance of new variants in the virus. There have been instances of re-imposed local lockdowns where infection rates have started to increase again and there is a risk that widespread measures such as strict social distancing and curtailing or ceasing normal business activities may be reintroduced in the future until effective treatments or vaccines have been fully deployed. Continued uncertainties and persistent effects also include: the impact of the pandemic on CNH Industrial Capital Canada's customers and dealers, and delays in their plans to

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

purchase equipment; requests by obligors for, or government mandated, payment deferrals and contract modifications; difficulties in collecting financial receivables resulting in increased allowances for credit losses; a deterioration in the market value of used equipment resulting in further reserve requirements.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Trust is exposed to the following risks as a result of holding financial instruments: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Trust's risk management policies are established by CNH Industrial Capital Canada and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Trust's activities.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the Trust's cash flow and/or fair value of the Trust's financial instruments.

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or income and future cash flows of a financial instrument will vary as a result of changes in market interest rates. As all the Series' transactions only include fixed rate Notes and loans and the Trust receives a fixed rate of interest on its ownership interest in receivables, the Trust did not have any interest rate risk during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Trust's exposure to interest rate risk on the cash accounts is not significant.

The Trust is not exposed to losses from foreign exchange rates as all of the Trust's transactions were denominated in Canadian dollars.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss resulting from failure by a customer or counterparty to make payments according to contractual terms.

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables results in significant concentrations of credit risk in the agricultural and construction industries in Canada. Numerous factors can affect the future performance of the Trust. In addition to the impacts from COVID-19 previously discussed, these factors include the general level of activity in the agricultural and construction industries, the rate of North American agricultural production and demand, weather conditions, commodity prices, consumer confidence, government subsidies for the agricultural sector and prevailing levels of construction (especially housing starts). The Trust manages the foregoing risks through amounts deposited in a cash reserve account and the deferred purchase price, which provide the Trust with overcollateralization designed to minimize these credit risks.

As at December 31, 2021, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by annual yield, which exclude interest waiver periods, and by industry was as follows:

Annual Yield	Agriculture		ture Construction		Total Portfolio
0.00% – 2.99% 3.00% – 5.99%	\$ 206,113,933 857,076,276	\$	42,326,936 40,524,466	\$	248,440,869 897,600,742
6.00% - 8.99%	72,808,532		6,391,077		79,199,609
9.00% – 11.99% ≥12.00%	3,100,542 8,344		90,902		3,191,444 8,344
	\$ 1,139,107,627	\$	89,333,381	\$	1,228,441,008

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

As at December 31, 2020, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by annual yield, which exclude interest waiver periods, and by industry was as follows:

Annual Yield	Agriculture		riculture Const		 Total Portfolio
0.00% – 2.99%	\$	201,725,560	\$	21,216,488	\$ 222,942,048
$3.00\% - 5.99\% \dots$		438,667,574		34,833,738	473,501,312
$6.00\% - 8.99\% \dots$		139,722,666		10,140,271	149,862,937
$9.00\% - 11.99\% \dots$		4,851,782		147,950	4,999,732
≥12.00%		34,927			 34,927
	\$	785,002,509	\$	66,338,447	\$ 851,340,956

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, credit losses amounting to \$928,995 and \$2,442,528, respectively, were written off against the Due to Seller, which represents 0.08% and 0.29% of the Trust's portfolio, respectively. The principal balance of accounts greater than 30 days delinquent was \$640,793 and \$1,814,920, which represented 0.05% and 0.21% of the Trust's portfolio as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust's maximum credit exposure was \$1,235,348,678 and \$858,039,422, respectively, equal to the total of its assets recorded on the Statements of Net Assets less its restricted cash and cash equivalents.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the Trust may be unable to meet all current and future obligations in a timely manner. The Trust is engaged in financing asset-backed securities. The Trust is not exposed to liquidity risk apart from the risk that the Trust will not be able to satisfy its obligations because of exposure to credit risks. The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk is managed primarily through the process of selecting receivables that are expected to generate cash flows sufficient to meet the payment schedule of the Notes. The Trust expects to generate more proceeds than are necessary to fulfill its obligations. In addition, the Trust has access to the cash reserve accounts in case of a shortfall in collections.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external reporting purposes in accordance with IFRS. Management of CNH Industrial Capital Canada assessed the design and operating effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 and based on that assessment determined that the Trust's internal control over financial reporting was effective. No changes were made in the Trust's internal control over financial reporting during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, which have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's internal control over financial reporting.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information regarding the Trust is available at www.sedar.com.

### Independent auditor's report

To the Issuer Trustee of CNH Capital Canada Receivables Trust

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **CNH Capital Canada Receivables Trust** [the "Trust"], which comprise the statements of net assets as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of net income and comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets and statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"].

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Trust or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Trust's financial reporting process.



#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  Trust's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trust to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada March 31, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & young LLP



# STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(In Canadian Dollars)

	Notes		2021		2020
ASSETS					100 -1- 1-0
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	3	\$	117,922,124	\$	122,717,159
Ownership interest in receivables	18-6		6,907,670 1,228,441,008		6,698,466 851,340,956
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TOTAL		\$	1,353,270,802	\$	980,756,581
LIABILITIES					
Deposits and other accrued liabilities		\$	1,600	\$	1,600
Accrued interest payable			894,722		1,072,971
Notes payable	5		1,267,200,675		911,414,640
Loans payable	5 & 7		48,474,990		42,716,387
Due to Seller	7		36,698,805		25,550,973
Total liabilities			1,353,270,792		980,756,571
NET ASSETS			10		10
TOTAL		\$	1,353,270,802	\$	980,756,581

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

# APPROVED BY CNH CAPITAL CANADA RECEIVABLES TRUST, by its Administrator, CNH INDUSTRIAL CAPITAL CANADA LTD.

/s/ DOUGLAS MACLEOD	/s/ CASEY WADE
Douglas MacLeod	Casey Wade
President	Controller

# STATEMENTS OF NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	 2021	 2020
Interest income		\$ 50,306,313	\$ 60,830,782
Interest expense: Interest expense to third parties. Interest expense to affiliate Total interest expense.	7	19,422,689 30,866,224 50,288,913	 29,747,128 31,064,554 60,811,682
Other expenses	7	 11,000	 12,000
Total expenses		 50,299,913	 60,823,682
TOTAL NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		\$ 6,400	\$ 7,100

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

	 2021	2020
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR  Net income and comprehensive income for the year	10 6,400	\$ 10 7,100
Distribution to beneficiary	 (6,400)	(7,100)
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 10	\$ 10

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

		2021	 2020
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Net income and comprehensive income for the year  Working capital adjustments:	\$	6,400	\$ 7,100
Change in accrued interest receivable		(209,204) (178,249)	764,407 (199,607)
Cash from (used in) operating activities		(381,053)	 571,900
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Acquisition of ownership interest in receivables	(	(1,082,170,101) 80,639,762 624,430,287	(498,259,871) 49,366,364 641,264,997
Change in restricted cash and cash equivalents		4,795,035	 1,795,623
Cash from (used in) investing activities		(372,305,017)	 194,167,113
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of notes and loans  Payment of notes and loans  Change in Due to Seller  Distribution to beneficiary		1,069,638,273 (708,093,635) 11,147,832 (6,400)	485,934,707 (672,035,282) (8,631,338) (7,100)
Cash from (used in) financing activities		372,686,070	 (194,739,013)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_	_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of year			
End of year	\$		\$ <u> </u>
CASH RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR FOR INTEREST	\$	50,097,109	\$ 61,595,189
CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR INTEREST	\$	50,467,162	\$ 61,011,289

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### **NOTE 1: NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

CNH Capital Canada Receivables Trust (the "Trust") was established by a declaration of trust made as of September 11, 2000, as supplemented by a supplemental declaration of trust made as of April 29, 2010 pursuant to which Computershare Trust Company of Canada succeeded The Canada Trust Company as issuer trustee. On October 16, 2019, Canadian Western Trust Company (the "Issuer Trustee") succeeded to Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as issuer trustee of the Trust. The indenture trustee pursuant to the master trust indenture dated September 1, 2000, as supplemented from time to time, is Computershare Trust Company of Canada (as successor to BNY Trust Company of Canada), with its principal office located at 100 University Avenue, 8th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2Y1.

The Trust's activities are limited to the securing and administration of retail installment contracts originated by CNH Industrial Capital Canada Ltd. ("CNH Industrial Capital Canada", "Administrator", "Servicer" or "Seller") to finance the purchase of new or used agricultural or construction equipment. The Trust issues asset-backed notes ("Notes") and subordinated loans in Series ("Series") with varying terms to finance the acquisition of the receivables and uses collections on the receivables to pay its obligations. The beneficiaries of the Trust, after the payment of all obligations, are one or more designated charitable organizations.

CNH Industrial Capital Canada acts as the initial servicer and the collection agent for the Trust. The Trust has entered into an agreement with CNH Industrial Capital Canada as Administrator. The Administrator's responsibilities include the day-to-day administration and operations of the Trust, structuring and managing portfolio purchases and monitoring the portfolios. Unless otherwise noted, defined terms within these financial statements are consistent with those of the offering documents pursuant to the Notes issued by the Trust. The Administrator has prepared these financial statements.

The Trust's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 were authorized for issue by CNH Industrial Capital Canada, as Administrator, on March 31, 2022.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Trust's functional currency.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for restricted cash and cash equivalents, which are measured at fair value.

#### Classification of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Trust recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date, which is the date the financial assets are received by the Trust. The Trust derecognizes financial assets when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and derecognizes the financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or expires.

In accordance with IFRS 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), financial assets are classified as measured at either amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss, depending on the business model for managing such financial assets and the asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial assets acquired through a regular way purchase are recognized on the settlement date and, on initial recognition, are measured at fair value, including transaction costs. Subsequent measurement depends on the business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

The following summarizes the classification and measurement of the Trust's financial assets and financial liabilities:

- Restricted cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Due to the short-term nature of this financial instrument, the fair value approximates carrying value. Changes in fair value are recorded in interest income.
- Ownership interest in receivables and accrued interest receivable are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method as they are held for collection of contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- Financial liabilities consist of notes payable, loans payable, Due to Seller, deposits and other accrued liabilities and accrued interest payable. These liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. Restricted cash includes principal and interest payments received by the Trust that are payable to the investors of the Notes and cash pledged as a credit enhancement to those same investors.

#### Accrued Interest Receivable

Accrued interest receivable represents the interest income earned on the restricted cash accounts and the ownership interest in receivables during the year and not yet received by the Trust as at December 31.

#### Ownership Interest in Receivables

Ownership interest in receivables represents secured loans to CNH Industrial Capital Canada, for accounting purposes, secured by retail note contracts. As such, the Trust accounts for its ownership interest in receivables as a secured loan with the Seller. Principal collections and credit losses reduce the carrying amount of the ownership interest in receivables.

Credit losses are determined monthly by CNH Industrial Capital Canada in accordance with specified criteria. When a recoverable amount becomes impaired as a result of deterioration in credit quality and there is no longer reasonable assurance of timely collection of the full amount of the receivable and any outstanding interest, an impairment charge equal to the difference between the carrying amount and the net realizable amount is recognized in interest expense, offset by a corresponding adjustment to the Due to Seller. Losses incurred in excess of the Due to Seller are absorbed by the Trust.

The credit losses were determined under IFRS 9 and reflect management's estimate of forward-looking expected credit losses. The Trust did not recognize any provisions for credit losses under IFRS 9.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Due to Seller

The Due to Seller represents the difference between the amount at which the Trust records the ownership interest in receivables and the amount payable to CNH Industrial Capital Canada for the purchase of the ownership interest in receivables ("deferred purchase price"). In addition, the Due to Seller includes the excess spread, which is the monthly excess of all interest collections on the receivables after the Trust's payment obligations are satisfied.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Trust is subject to federal and provincial income tax under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) on the amount of its taxable income for the year and is permitted a deduction in computing its income taxes for all amounts paid or payable to the Trust's beneficiary in determining income for tax purposes. No provision for income taxes has been reflected in these financial statements as the entire net income of the Trust is payable to the beneficiary.

#### Other Expenses

Other expenses include administration and trustee fees, and other operating expenses, which are recorded on an accrual basis.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the Trust's accounting policies. The key areas of estimation include the fair value of the ownership interest in receivables on acquisition, determining the effective interest rate on the ownership interest in receivables and the estimation of credit losses on the ownership interest in receivables. At year-end, the fair value of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables is determined by discounting the contracts' future cash flows at current market rates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in uncertainties in the Trust's business, which may cause actual results to differ materially from the estimates and assumptions used in preparation of the financial statements. Changes in estimates are recorded in results of operations in the period that the events or circumstances giving rise to such changes occur.

#### NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Trust held restricted cash and cash equivalents in the following accounts as at December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021		 2020
Collection accounts	\$	56,321,022	\$ 60,580,773
Reserve accounts		48,474,990	42,716,387
Cash in transit		13,126,112	19,419,999
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	117,922,124	\$ 122,717,159

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, these amounts were maintained in bank balances at an average rate of 0.2% and 0.2%, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 3: RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The Servicer is required to collect payments on the ownership interest in receivables and deposit these collections into the Series-specific collection accounts within two business days of receipt from the obligors and processing by the Servicer. These amounts are available to cover payments of principal and interest on the Notes and loans payable, pay the deferred purchase price or any operating expenses.

The reserve accounts are Series-specific accounts funded at the time of issuance of the relevant Series from the proceeds of the issuance. Amounts on deposit in the reserve account for a Series are available to cover any shortfalls in funds available to meet specific payments for that Series as outlined in the related transaction documents and will not be released until that Series is paid in full.

#### NOTE 4: OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN RECEIVABLES

The ownership interest in receivables is secured by retail note contracts that bear interest at fixed rates. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the weighted-average interest rates on these contracts were 3.79% and 4.20%, respectively.

As at December 31, 2021, the maturities of the retail note contracts, assuming no prepayments, are as follows:

2022	\$ 321,143,954
2023	309,410,572
2024	257,071,999
2025	192,311,111
2026	109,872,804
2027 and thereafter	 38,630,568
Total ownership interest in receivables	\$ 1,228,441,008

It has been CNH Industrial Capital Canada's experience that substantial portions of retail note contracts are repaid before their contractual maturity dates. As a result, the above table should not be regarded as a forecast of future cash collections.

Concentrations of credit risk exist if a number of counterparties are engaged in similar activities and have similar economic characteristics that may cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, all of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables represents exposure to the agricultural and construction industries.

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, credit losses of \$928,995 and \$2,442,528, respectively, were incurred. These credit losses were absorbed by CNH Industrial Capital Canada through the Due to Seller. In addition to the impacts from COVID-19 previously discussed and taking into consideration historic losses and forward-looking macroeconomic factors, credit losses are not expected to exceed the cash reserve accounts. As such, no allowance for credit losses is recorded and the ownership interest in receivables is subject to Stage 1 allowances under IFRS 9.

Receivables are considered past due if the required principal and interest payments have not been received as of the date such payments were due. Delinquency is reported on receivables greater than 30 days past due. The principal balance of accounts greater than 30 days delinquent was \$640,793 and 1,814,920, which represented 0.05% and 0.21% of the Trust's portfolio as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 5: NOTES PAYABLE AND LOANS PAYABLE

The Notes and loans payable bear interest at fixed rates as determined at issuance. The payment of principal and interest on the Notes and loans payable is distributed in accordance with the prioritization outlined in the Sales and Servicing Agreement for each transaction based on total collections received. As a result, payments of principal on the Notes and loans payable will vary with the amount of collections and losses, which may reduce the principal to zero prior to the scheduled maturity date.

The Notes are secured by the Trust's Series-specific ownership interest in receivables and other Trust assets. Each Series of Notes benefits from Series-specific enhancement in the form of overcollateralization, excess spread, and amounts deposited in a reserve account.

Loans payable represent the Series-specific overcollateralization amounts funded by CNH Industrial Capital Canada. These loans are subordinated to the Notes issued by the Trust.

As at December 31, 2021, the notes payable consisted of the following:

Notes Description	Current Principal Amount	Annual Interest Rate	Scheduled Final Payment Date
2018-1 Class A-2	\$ 30,678,930	2.75%	Aug 2024
	8,376,000	3.46%	Oct 2025
2018-2 Class A-1	65,525,569	3.13%	May 2025
	10,030,000	3.50%	May 2026
2019-1 Class A-2	84,537,692	2.18%	Nov 2025
2019-1 Class B	8,923,000	3.13%	Dec 2026
2020-1 Class A	179,150,144	2.40%	Oct 2026
	10,000,000	3.82%	Oct 2027
2021-1 Class A-1	85,173,859	0.39%	Mar 2024
	251,077,000	1.00%	Nov 2026
	10,748,000	1.66%	Mar 2028
2021-2 Class A-1	249,140,481	0.87%	Dec 2024
	262,600,000	1.76%	Jun 2028
	11,240,000	2.41%	Apr 2029
Total notes payable	\$ 1,267,200,675		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 5: NOTES PAYABLE AND LOANS PAYABLE (Continued)

As at December 31, 2020, the notes payable consisted of the following:

Notes Description	P	Current rincipal Amount	Annual Interest Rate	Scheduled Final Payment Date
2017-1 Class A-2		31,089,665 8,573,000	1.71% 2.50%	May 2023 <sup>(1)</sup> Jul 2024 <sup>(1)</sup>
2017-2 Class A-1		57,123,325 9,061,000	2.48% 3.47%	Jan 2024 <sup>(2)</sup> Feb 2025 <sup>(2)</sup>
2018-1 Class A-2		75,618,977 8,376,000	2.75% 3.46%	Aug 2024 Oct 2025
2018-2 Class A-1		148,541,802 10,030,000	3.13% 3.50%	May 2025 May 2026
2019-1 Class A-2 2019-1 Class B		181,514,802 8,923,000	2.18% 3.13%	Nov 2025 Dec 2026
2020-1 Class A		362,563,069 10,000,000	2.40% 3.82%	Oct 2026 Oct 2027
Total notes payable	\$	911,414,640		

<sup>(1)</sup> In January 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to the Series 2017-1 ownership interest in receivables. Related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-1 Class A-2 Notes and the Series 2017-1 Class B Notes were repaid in full.

As at December 31, 2021, the loans payable consisted of the following:

Loans Description	Pr	Current incipal Amount	Annual Interest Rate	Scheduled Final Payment Date
2018-1 Subordinated loan	\$	4,586,699	3.75%	Oct 2025
2018-2 Subordinated loan		5,487,718	4.25%	May 2026
2019-1 Subordinated loan		6,373,154	3.61%	Dec 2026
2020-1 Subordinated loan		9,514,146	5.00%	Oct 2027
2021-1 Subordinated loan		11,004,249	2.15%	Mar 2028
2021-2 Subordinated loan		11,509,024	2.21%	Apr 2029
Total loans payable	\$	48,474,990		

<sup>(2)</sup> In July 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to the Series 2017-2 ownership interest in receivables. Related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-2 Class A-1 Notes and the Series 2017-2 Class B Notes were repaid in full

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 5: NOTES PAYABLE AND LOANS PAYABLE (Continued)

As at December 31, 2020, the loans payable consisted of the following:

Loans Description	Pri	Current incipal Amount	Annual Interest Ra	Scheduled Final Payment Date
2017-1 Subordinated loan	\$	4,695,043	3.75%	Jul 2024 <sup>(1)</sup>
2017-2 Subordinated loan		4,962,572	4.00%	Feb 2025 <sup>(2)</sup>
2018-1 Subordinated loan		5,982,651	3.75%	Oct 2025
2018-2 Subordinated loan		8,350,876	4.25%	May 2026
2019-1 Subordinated loan		8,497,538	3.61%	Dec 2026
2020-1 Subordinated loan		10,227,707	5.00%	Oct 2027
Total loans payable	\$	42,716,387		

<sup>(1)</sup> In January 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to the Series 2017-1 ownership interest in receivables. Related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-1 subordinated loan was repaid in full.

As at December 31, 2021, the maturities of the notes payable and loans payable, assuming no prepayments, are as follows:

2022	\$	348,755,494
2023		334,842,356
2024		275,535,948
2025		203,372,220
2026		113,938,283
2027 and thereafter	_	39,231,364
Total notes and loans payable	\$	1,315,675,665

It has been CNH Industrial Capital Canada's experience that substantial portions of retail note contracts are repaid before their contractual maturity dates. As a result, the maturities of the related Notes and loans payable in the above table should not be regarded as a forecast of future repayments.

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Trust is exposed to the following risks as a result of holding financial instruments: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Trust's risk management policies are established by CNH Industrial Capital Canada and are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Trust's activities.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates and foreign exchange rates will adversely affect the Trust's cash flows and/or fair value of the Trust's financial instruments.

<sup>(2)</sup> In July 2021, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to the Series 2017-2 ownership interest in receivables. Related to this clean-up call, the Series 2017-2 subordinated loan was repaid in full.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or income and future cash flows of a financial instrument will vary as a result of changes in market interest rates. As all the Series' transactions only include fixed rate Notes and subordinated loans and the Trust receives a fixed rate of interest on its ownership interest in receivables, the Trust did not have any interest rate risk during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Trust's exposure to interest rate risk on the cash accounts is not significant.

The Trust is not exposed to losses from foreign exchange rates as all of the Trust's transactions were denominated in Canadian dollars.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the possibility of loss resulting from failure by a customer or counterparty to make payments according to contractual terms.

The Trust's ownership interest in receivables results in significant concentrations of credit risk in the agricultural and construction industries in Canada. Numerous factors can affect the future performance of the Trust. These factors include the general level of activity in the agricultural and construction industries, the rate of North American agricultural production and demand, weather conditions, commodity prices, consumer confidence, government subsidies for the agricultural sector and prevailing levels of construction (especially housing starts). The Trust manages this risk through amounts deposited in a cash reserve account and the deferred purchase price, which provide the Trust with overcollateralization designed to minimize its credit risk.

As at December 31, 2021, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by annual yield, which excludes interest waiver periods, and by industry was as follows:

Annual Yield	Agriculture		 Construction	Total Portfolio		
0.00% – 2.99% 3.00% – 5.99%	\$	206,113,933 857,076,276	\$ 42,326,936 40,524,466	\$	248,440,869 897,600,742	
6.00% – 8.99%		72,808,532	6,391,077		79,199,609	
9.00% − 11.99% ≥12.00%		3,100,542 8,344	90,902		3,191,444 8,344	
	\$	1,139,107,627	\$ 89,333,381	\$	1,228,441,008	

As at December 31, 2020, the Trust's ownership interest in receivables by annual yield, which excludes interest waiver periods, and by industry was as follows:

Annual Yield	Agriculture		 Construction	Total Portfolio		
0.00% – 2.99%	\$	201,725,560	\$ 21,216,488	\$	222,942,048	
3.00% - 5.99%		438,667,574	34,833,738		473,501,312	
6.00% - 8.99%		139,722,666	10,140,271		149,862,937	
$9.00\% - 11.99\% \dots$		4,851,782	147,950		4,999,732	
≥12.00%		34,927	 		34,927	
	\$	785,002,509	\$ 66,338,447	\$	851,340,956	

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, credit losses amounting to \$928,995 and \$2,442,528, respectively, were written off against the Due to Seller, which represents 0.08% and 0.29% of the Trust's portfolio, respectively. The principal balance of accounts greater than 30 days delinquent was \$640,793 and \$1,814,920, which represented 0.05% and 0.21% of the Trust's portfolio as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust's maximum credit exposure was \$1,235,348,678 and \$858,039,422, respectively, equal to the total of its assets recorded on the Statements of Net Assets less its restricted cash and cash equivalents.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the Trust may be unable to meet all current and future obligations in a timely manner. The Trust is engaged in financing asset-backed securities. The Trust is not exposed to liquidity risk apart from the risk that the Trust will not be able to satisfy its obligations because of exposure to credit risk. The Trust's exposure to liquidity risk is managed primarily through the process of selecting receivables that are expected to generate cash flows sufficient to meet the payment schedule of the Notes. The Trust expects to generate more proceeds than are necessary to fulfill its obligations. In addition, the Trust has access to the cash reserve accounts in case of a shortfall in collections.

#### Measurement of Fair Values and Categorization of Financial Instruments

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The Trust determines fair value using available market information or other appropriate valuation methodologies such as discounted cash flow analysis. Fair values using valuation models require the use of assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated cash flows and discount rates. In determining those assumptions, the Trust looks primarily to external observable market inputs including factors such as interest yield curves and price or rate volatilities, as applicable.

IFRS requires that all financial instruments measured at fair value be categorized into one of three hierarchy levels for disclosure purposes. Each level is based on the transparency of the inputs used to measure the fair values of assets and liabilities.

The Trust uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Trust can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar instruments; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

Determination of fair value and the resulting hierarchy requires the use of observable market data whenever available. The classification of a financial instrument in the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement of fair value.

The carrying amounts of restricted cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable and accrued interest payable are assumed to approximate their fair values and the financial instruments listed are classified as Level 1. Notes payable measurements are classified as Level 2 and all other financial instruments measurements are classified as Level 3. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between the Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 hierarchy levels.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (In Canadian Dollars)

#### NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

	20	2020					
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value *		Carrying Amount		Estimated Fair Value *	
Ownership interest in receivables	\$ 1,228,441,008	\$ 1,238,176,534	\$	851,340,956	\$	856,876,016	
Notes payable	1,267,200,675	1,259,018,995		911,414,640		919,690,380	
Loans payable	48,474,990	51,216,073		42,716,387		48,234,244	
Due to Seller	36,698,805	37,027,940		25,550,973		25,775,682	

<sup>\*</sup> Under the fair value hierarchy, notes payable measurements are classified as Level 2 and all other financial instruments measurements are classified as Level 3.

The fair value of the Trust's ownership interest in receivables is determined by discounting the contracts' future cash flows at current market rates.

As the Trust has nominal amount of equity, the Due to Seller represents the remaining net assets of the Trust due to CNH Industrial Capital Canada. The estimated fair value of the Due to Seller is based on the estimated fair value of the remaining net assets. Due to the uncertain nature of the cash flows and an illiquid market for this type of instrument, the fair value assigned could vary significantly.

The fair values of the notes payable and loans payable are based on current interest rates or market quotes for identical or similar borrowings.

#### NOTE 7: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Trust's related party transactions are as follows:

	 2021	 2020
Interest expense to affiliate	\$ 30,866,224	\$ 31,064,554
Other expenses	11,000	12,000

The transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Interest expense paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada includes interest on the loans payable and deferred purchase price payments. Other expenses represent the administration fee paid to CNH Industrial Capital Canada.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Due to Seller was \$36,698,805 and \$25,550,973, respectively, and the loans payable to CNH Industrial Capital Canada were \$48,474,990 and \$42,716,387, respectively.

#### **NOTE 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

In January 2022, a clean-up call was exercised by CNH Industrial Capital Canada with respect to Series 2018-1 whereby \$39,054,930 of retail installment contracts were sold at book value to CNH Industrial Capital Canada. Also related to this clean-up call, the Series 2018-1 Class A-2 Notes, the Series 2018-1 Class B Notes and the Series 2018-1 Subordinated loans were repaid in full.